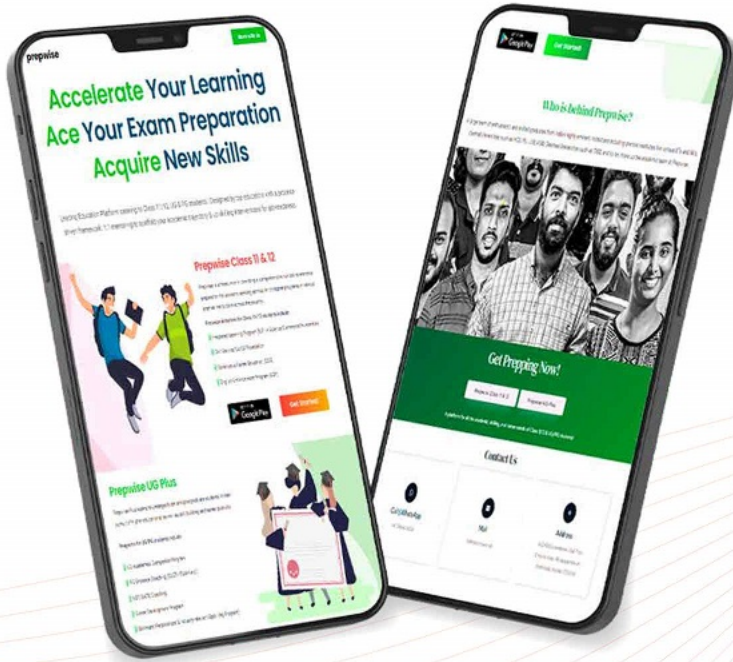




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Previous Year Question Paper

2022

Section II

History



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Harappa people were not familiar with one of the following metal _____.

A Copper

B Bronze

C Iron

D Gold



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Weights in Indus Valley Civilization is usually made of stone called _____.

A Chert

B Steatite

C Faience

D Copper



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The following Director General of ASI started to follow the stratigraphy in excavation work rather than digging mechanically along with uniform horizontal lines –

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| A | John Marshall |
| B | R. E. M. Wheeler |
| C | Alexander Cunningham |
| D | Daya Ram Sahni |

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

In Ganas or Sanghas, power was shared by _____.

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | the whole community |
| B | a group of learned brahmanas |
| C | a number of men, often collectively called rajas |
| D | the king and his council of ministers |



Question:

The first coins to bear the names and images of rulers were issued by _____ who also established control over the North Western part of the subcontinent c. second century BCE

- | | |
|---|--------------|
| A | Roman Rulers |
| B | Gupta Rulers |
| C | Indo-Greeks |
| D | Yaudheyas |



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

How do we get to know about the king who was referred to as Piyadassi ?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | From the archaeological evidences unearthed by Alexander Cunningham |
| B | From the coins discovered by Hara Prasad Shastri in eastern India |
| C | On the walls of the old temples discovered by James Colebrooke in the Godavari basin |
| D | From the 'Brahmi' and 'Kharosthi' inscriptions deciphered by James Prinsep |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question ID: 591957

Section Name: HISTORY

Question:

An examination of the names of the women who married Satavahana rulers indicates that :

- A. They had names derived from their father's gotra instead of adopting names derived from their husband's gotra
- B. Some of these women belonged to the same gotra, this ran counter to the ideal of exogamy
- C. The women who married Satavahanas were polyandrous
- D. The women who married Satavahanas were not given in Kanyadana by their fathers
- E. These marriages exemplified an alternative practice of endogamy

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A A, D and E

B B, C and D

C A, B and E

D B, C and E



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question:

Match the types of marriages with their explanation.

List I : Types of marriages	List II : Their explanation
A. Endogamy	I. The practice of a man having several wives
B. Exogamy	II. Marriage within a unit
C. Polygyny	III. The practice of a woman having several husbands
D. Polyandry	IV. Marriage outside the unit

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| A | A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV |
| B | A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I |
| C | A-II, B-IV, C-I, D-III |
| D | A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II |

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

In which of the following texts, the Bodhisattva is identified as a Chandala ?

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| A | Mrichhakatikam |
| B | Swapnabasavadattam |
| C | Meghadutam |
| D | Matanga Jataka |



Question:

Jain monks and nuns took vows to be the part of monastic existence. Choose the incorrect option –

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| A | Abstain from killing |
| B | To observe celibacy |
| C | Abstain from possessing property |
| D | Follow the eight fold path |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name: HISTORY

Question:

Arrange the following events in the chronological order.

- A. Compilation of the Chhandogya Upanishad
- B. Compilation of the Vinaya Pitaka
- C. Compilation of the Rig Veda
- D. Translation of the Buddhist texts into Chinese language
- E. Compilation of the Dipavamsa

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| A | C, B, A, E, D |
| B | C, E, A, B, D |
| C | C, A, B, E, D |
| D | C, B, E, D, A |

CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question:

Arrange the following events in the chronological order.

- A. Early Upanishads
- B. Later Vedic traditions
- C. Development of Mahayana Buddhism
- D. Earliest temples
- E. The first stupas

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A	A, B, E, D, C
B	B, C, D, A, E
C	A, B, D, E, C
D	B, A, E, C, D

CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question:

Match List I with List II.

List I : Authors	List II : Texts
A. Al - Biruni	I. Travels in India
B. Francois Bernier	II. Rihla
C. Ibn - Battuta	III. Kital-ul-Hind
D. Jean Baptiste Tavernier	IV. Travels in the Mughal Empire

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A	A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I
B	A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV
C	A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II
D	A-II, B-IV, C-I, D-III



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Nalayira Divyaprabandham was frequently described as :

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| A | a great Jain text |
| B | an Epic |
| C | the Tamil Veda |
| D | a collection of manuscripts |

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Many beliefs and practices were shaped through a continuous dialogue between “great” Sanskritic, Puranic traditions and “little” traditions throughout the land. The most striking example of this process is :

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | the Sufi traditions |
| B | the verses of Kabir |
| C | the worship of Jagannatha at Puri, Orissa |
| D | the traditions of the Alvars and Nayanars of Tamil Nadu |

CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name: HISTORY

Question:

Alvars and Nayanars initiated a movement of :

- A. protest against the caste system
- B. protest against the dominance of Brahmanas
- C. reforming the system
- D. strengthening the monarchical system of governance
- E. strengthening the caste system

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| A | A, B and D only |
| B | B, C and D only |
| C | A, B and C only |
| D | C, D and E only |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question:
Match List I with List II.

List I : Religious Monuments	List II : Their Locations
A. Atiya mosque	I. Srinagar, Kashmir
B. Shah Hamadan mosque	II. Delhi
C. Dargah of Nizamuddin Auliya	III. Multan, Pakistan
D. Dargah of Shaikh Bahauddin Zakaria	IV. Mymensingh, Bangladesh

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A	A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV
B	A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III
C	A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I
D	A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Which of these rivers was the major source of water for Vijayanagara ?

A Kaveri

B Krishna

C Tungabhadra

D Mahanadi

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The Amara-Nayaka system was a major political innovation of the Vijayanagara empire. It is likely that many features of this system were derived from the :

- | | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| A | Mansabdari system of the Mughals |
| B | Iqta system of the Delhi Sultanate |
| C | Feudalism in Europe |
| D | Samanta system of eastern India |

Section Name: HISTORY

Question:

The Vijayanagara kings competed with the Sultans of the Deccan and the Gajapati rulers of Orissa for :

- A. Control of the fertile river valleys
- B. Control of the resources generated by lucrative overseas trade
- C. Control of Northern India
- D. Control of Sri Lanka
- E. Control of deep south

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A A and C only

B A and B only

C C and D only

D D and E only



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Who were known as the 'pahi-kashta ?'

A The potters

B Peasants who were residents of the village

C The non-resident cultivators who belonged to some other village

D The ironsmith



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question:

Match List I with List II.

List I : Terms	List II : Their Meaning
A. Raja	I. A strong man of the Zamindar
B. Taluqdar	II. Peasants
C. Ryot	III. One who holds a connection
D. Lathyal	IV. Powerful Zamindars

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| A | A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I |
| B | A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV |
| C | A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II |
| D | A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II |



Question:

Satyajit Ray's famous film "Jalshaghar" was based on :

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | The exploitation of the ryots |
| B | The absentee zamindars |
| C | The decline of the aristocratic zamindari style of living |
| D | British atrocities on Indians |



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

When was the Santhal Pargana created ?

A After 1875

B After 1856

C After 1793

D After 1812



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

During the American Civil War, cotton production in the Bombay Deccan expanded between 1860 and 1864. But that could not bring prosperity to all cotton producers, because :

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | All the cotton was exported to eastern India |
| B | Civil war broke out in the Malabar |
| C | There was no demand of cotton in Great Britain |
| D | Some rich peasants did gain, but the large majority sunk into debt |



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The emotional upheaval associated with the removal of Nawab Wajid Ali Shah was aggravated by immediate material losses because :

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | Tax on peasants was increased |
| B | People were forced to buy foreign goods |
| C | The removal of the Nawab led to the dissolution of the court and its culture, consequently a whole range of people lost their livelihood |
| D | Heavy duties were imposed on the Indian exports to Britain |



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Who fought in the famous battle of Chinhat in which the British forces under Henry Lawrence were defeated ?

A Shah Mal

B Maulavi Ahmadullah Shah

C Kunwar Singh

D Birjis Qadr



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Joseph Noel Paton's painting "In Memoriam" depicted the English women as :

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| A | Helpless and innocent |
| B | Heroic and defensive |
| C | Revengeful and bloodthirsty |
| D | Indifferent nature-lovers |

CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question:

Arrange the following events in the chronological order.

- A. Nawab Wajid Ali Shah exiled in Calcutta
- B. Rani Lakshmi Bai killed in Gwalior
- C. Subsidiary Alliance introduced by Lord Wellesley
- D. Mutiny starts in Meerut
- E. Havelock and Outram enter the Residency in Lucknow

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| A | C, E, D, A, B |
| B | D, C, A, B, E |
| C | C, A, D, E, B |
| D | C, D, A, E, B |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name: HISTORY

Question:

Match List I with List II.

List I : Leaders/Rebels	List II : Places they belonged to
A. Kunwar Singh	I. Barout
B. Shah Mal	II. Lucknow
C. Birjis Qadr	III. Singhbhum
D. Gonoo	IV. Arrah

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A	A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I
B	A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III
C	A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV
D	A-IV, B-II, C-I, D-III

Question:

The sources that can be used to reconstruct the political career of Gandhiji are –

- A. Writings and speeches of Mahatma Gandhi
- B. Government records
- C. Contemporary newspapers
- D. Inscriptions and manuscripts
- E. Sculpture, coins and rock painting

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A	A, B and C only
B	B, C and D only
C	C, D and E only
D	A, D and E only

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Which city was wrested by the British from the rulers of Sikkim in 1835 ?

A Gangtok

B Darjeeling

C Shimla

D Siliguri



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The Congress ministries resigned in October 1939 because:

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | The British police arrested Mahatma Gandhi |
| B | The police massacred the protestors at the salt satyagraha in Gujarat |
| C | The British declined the offer put forward by the Congress that the Congress would support the British in the Second World War if in return the British granted Indian independence |
| D | Sir Stafford Cripps refused to co-operate with the Congress leaders |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Shahid Amin's article "Gandhi as Mahatma" deals with :

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | Gandhi's rise to power |
| B | Gandhi's religious views |
| C | Political activities of Gandhi in different parts of southern India |
| D | Rumours spread about Gandhi in north India |



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

At the Second Round Table Conference, London, November 1931

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | Gandhi demanded separate electorate for Muslims |
| B | Gandhi opposed the demand for separate electorates for 'lower castes' |
| C | Jinnah had a heated debate with Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan |
| D | Ambedkar accepted that the Congress represented the lower castes |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Arrange the following events in the chronological order.

- A. Gandhi-Irwin Pact
- B. Jallianwala Bagh massacre
- C. Quit India Movement
- D. Champaran Movement
- E. Bardoli peasant movement

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A D, B, E, A, C

B B, D, A, E, C

C D, E, B, A, C

D B, E, D, A, C



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question:

Arrange the following events in the chronological order.

- A. Beginning of the First World War
- B. Swadeshi movement
- C. Chauri Chaura incident
- D. Gandhi's first speech at Banaras Hindu University
- E. Ahmedabad textile mill workers' movement

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| A | B, D, A, E, C |
| B | B, A, D, E, C |
| C | A, B, E, D, C |
| D | B, D, E, A, C |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name: HISTORY

Question:

Which out of the following are correct about Akbar Nama ?

- A. It is divided into three books
- B. The first two are chronicles
- C. Third book is Ain-i-Akbari
- D. The first volume contains history of mankind from Adam to beginning of Babur's reign
- E. The second volume closes in the thirty six regnal (1591) year of Akbar

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

A	A, B and D only
B	A, C and D only
C	A, B and C only
D	C, B and E only

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

In March, 1946 the Cabinet Mission offered the following alternative to Partition.

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | India was to remain united with a strong Central Government but with no control over foreign affairs. |
| B | India should get a strong Central Government and the provincial assemblies would be demolished |
| C | The provincial assemblies would be grouped into three sections : the Hindu majority provinces and the Muslim majority provinces of the north-west and the north-east |
| D | The provincial assemblies of the north-west and the north-east should be directly controlled from the center |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name: HISTORY

Question:

The India that Mahatma Gandhi came back to in 1915 was rather different from the one that he had left in 1893 because:

- A. India was even more passive in a political sense
- B. The Indian National Congress now had branches in most major cities and towns
- C. Through the Swadeshi movement of 1905-07, the Congress had greatly broadened its appeal among the middle classes
- D. That movement had thrown up some towering leaders among them were "Lal, Bal and Pal"
- E. India had developed economically to a large extent.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| A | A, C and D only |
| B | B, D and E only |
| C | A, C and E only |
| D | B, C and D only |

Passage:

Read the passage and answer the questions.

The physical arrangement of the court, focused on the sovereign, mirrored his status as the heart of society. Its centerpiece was therefore the throne, the takht, which gave physical form to the function of the sovereign as axis mundi. The canopy, a symbol of kingship in India for a millennium, was believed to separate the radiance of the sun from that of the sovereign. Chronicles lay down with great precision the rules defining status amongst the Mughal elites. In court, status was determined by spatial proximity to the king. The place accorded to the courtier by the ruler was a sign of his importance in the eyes of the emperor. Once the emperor sat on the throne, no one was permitted to move from his position or to leave without permission. Social control in court society was exercised through carefully defining in full detail the forms of address, courtesies and speech which were acceptable in court. The slightest infringement of etiquette was noticed and punished on the spot. The forms of salutation to the ruler indicated the person's status in the hierarchy: deeper prostration represented higher status. The highest form of submission was sijda or complete prostration. Under Shah Jahan, these rituals were replaced with chahar taslim and zaminbos (kissing the ground). The protocols governing diplomatic envoys at the Mughal court were equally explicit. An ambassador presented to the Mughal emperor was expected to offer an acceptable form of greeting- either by bowing deeply or kissing the ground, or else to follow the Persian custom of clasping one's hands in front of the chest. Thomas Roe, the English envoy of James I, simply bowed before Jahangir according to European custom, and further shocked the court by demanding a chair.



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The status of the Mughal emperor was reflected in the physical arrangement of the Mughal court as:

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| A | The foundation of the empire |
| B | The head of the empire |
| C | The heart of society |
| D | The head of society |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

In the Mughal court, the role of the canopy was:

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | To protect the diwan-i-khas from heat and rain |
| B | To protect the royal kitchen from dust and dirt |
| C | To shelter the destitute while they received free food |
| D | To separate the radiance of the sun from that of the sovereign |



Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

In the Mughal court, the status of the elites was determined by:

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| A | His mansab |
| B | His wealth |
| C | Spatial proximity to the king |
| D | Blood relation with the king |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Question:

The following was not a form of salutation in the Mughal court :

A Sijda

B Chahar taslim

C Zaminbos

D Salam



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

Thomas Roe shocked the Mughal court by:

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | Not following the protocols governing diplomatic envoys |
| B | Insulting the Mughal emperor |
| C | Giving a strange gift to the Mughal emperor |
| D | Laughing in the Mughal court |

Read the passage and answer the questions.

We say it is our firm and solemn resolve to have an independent sovereign republic. India is bound to be sovereign, it is bound to be independent and it is bound to be a republic... Now, some friends have raised the question: "Why have you not put in the word 'democratic' here?" Well, I told them that it is conceivable, of course, that a republic may not be democratic but the whole of our past is witness to this fact that we stand for democratic institutions. Obviously we are aiming at democracy and nothing less than a democracy. What form of democracy, what shape it might take is another matter. The democracies of the present day, many of them in Europe and elsewhere, have played a great part in the world's progress. Yet it may be doubtful if those democracies may not have to change their shape somewhat before long if they have to remain completely democratic. We are not going just to copy, I hope, a certain democratic procedure or an institution of a so-called democratic country. We may improve upon it. In any event, whatever system of government we may establish here must fit in with the temper of our people and be acceptable to them. We stand for democracy. It will be for this House to determine what shape to give to that democracy, the fullest democracy, I hope. The House will notice that in this Resolution, although we have not used the word 'democratic' because we thought it is obvious that the word 'republic' contains that word and we did not want to use unnecessary words and redundant words, but we have done something much more than using the word. We have given the content of democracy in this Resolution and not only the content of democracy but the content, if I may say so, of economic democracy in this Resolution. Others might take objection to this Resolution on the ground that we have not said that it should be a Socialist state. Well, I stand for socialism and, I hope, India will stand for Socialism and that India will go towards the constitution of a Socialist State and I do believe that the whole world will have to go that way.



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The constituent Assembly firmly and solemnly resolved to have:

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| A | An independent sovereign republic |
| B | A strong and prosperous country |
| C | A just and egalitarian society |
| D | A free market |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The word 'democratic' was not put in the 'Objectives Resolution' because:

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | It was obvious that the word 'republic' contained the word 'democratic' and the constitution makers didn't want to use unnecessary words and redundant words. |
| B | The constitution makers didn't want to make India a democratic country |
| C | Democracy was not suitable for India |
| D | The cabinet mission didn't give permission to make India a 'democratic country' |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The purpose of Indian democracy should be

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | To copy the western states |
| B | To learn from the East Asian states |
| C | To fit in with the temper of Indians |
| D | To completely reject the British-model |



CUET 2022 QUESTION PAPER

Section Name:HISTORY

Question:

The constitution makers aimed at

A Autocracy

B Aristocracy

C Plutocracy

D Democracy



Question:

According to the passage, what is the ultimate political system that the whole world would have to follow one day ?

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| A | Dictatorship |
| B | Socialism |
| C | Monarchy |
| D | City-state system |